CAMHS Hampshire

Referral Criteria

Psychosis (NB Consider referral to EIP team in presence of positive symptoms for 14 plus)

- Positive symptoms Paranoia, delusional beliefs, abnormal perceptions (hallucinations on all sensory modalities)
- Negative symptoms deterioration in self-care and daily personal, social and family functioning
- Disinhibited behaviour, over activity, risk taking, with pressure of speech and agitation
- Severe depression with psychomotor retardation, social withdrawal, suicidal ideation

Mood Disorders

We provide a service to young people whose primary presenting problem is a mood disorder. This includes those presenting with
moderate to severe depression as well as those young people who present with complex diagnostic issues involving mood and
bipolar disorders

Eating Disorders

- An early discussion around any possible eating disorder difficulties is strongly encouraged, we have a member of our ED team available on a daily basis for a consultation.
- Anorexia Nervosa an eating disorder characterised by excessive food restriction and an irrational fear of weight gain and distorted body image. It typically involves excessive weight loss
- Bulimia engaging in binge and purge behaviour
- Eating Disorders Other difficulties around food and eating.

Significantly impairing Anxiety Disorders of a diagnosable level (e.g. OCD, PTSD)

- Severe or debilitating Anxiety panic attacks
- · Separation anxiety which severely impacts on the child's functioning
- Phobias including phobic anxiety

Depression

- Physical symptoms poor sleep / appetite / libido
- Cognitive symptoms negative thoughts about self / others / world
- Social Symptoms, significant withdrawal from social activities, school, activities previously enjoyed.
 These symptoms should have been present for a period of 2 weeks.
- Suicidal ideation level on intent, current thought etc.
- Co-morbidity depression often occurs concurrently with other presenting mental health problems

Post Traumatic Stress Disorder

- Symptoms occurring more than 3 months after a recognised traumatic event
- Intrusion and avoidance of thoughts and memories about the trauma.
- Revisiting site of trauma.
- · Hyper-vigilance, hyper-around and emotional numbing

Obsessive Compulsive Disorder

Obsessions and / or compulsions with functional impairment

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

Significant difficulties in concentration and attention occurring in more than one environment eg home and school. Overactive, poorly
modulated behaviour.

Deliberate Self Harm

- Most commonly skin-cutting but might include burning, scratching, banging or hitting body parts, interfering with wound healing, hair-pulling (trichotillomania) and the ingestion of toxic substances or objects
- May be associated with suicidal ideation and intent and/or a pattern of emotional disregulation, interpersonal difficulty and maladaptive coping strategies

Complex Trauma

Complex trauma occurs when an individual is exposed to multiple traumatic events with an impact on immediate and long-term outcomes.

- Symptoms are chronic and prolonged and may present as any from the list above, likely to occur within the context of sexual or physical abuse.
- It impacts on development

To discuss a referrent to CAMHS or a young person who hasn't yet been seen for their Choice appointment in CAMHS please ring 0300 304 0050 or email SPNT, HANTSSPAD NHS. NET